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IN THE
UNITED STATES
PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF: Tebbe
CASE: OST-011310
SERIAL NO.: 10/048,243
FILED ON: January 24, 2002
FOR: FLAT, FLEXIBLE, BONDED
COMPOSITE MATERIAL

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER
FOR PATENTS
Washington DC 20231

STATEMENT OF BASIS
FOR RELEVANCE OF
FOREIGN LANGUAGE
DOCUMENTS IDENTIFIED
IN SUBMITTED PTO-1449

ATTENTION OF: To be assigned
EXAMINER: To be assigned

Dear Sir:

If any charges or fees must be paid in connection with the following communication, they may be paid out of our Deposit Account No. 50-0545.

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TC 1700

FACTOR & PARTNERS, LLC
1327 W. Washington, Suite 5G/H
Chicago, IL 60607
(312) 226-1818

Jody L. Factor

34157

<u>Publication Number</u>	<u>Publication Date</u>	<u>Basis for Relevance</u>
DE 28 55 059	July 5, 1979	<p>This reference discloses a stratified flexible surface element for treating a gas or liquid brought to contact with it consists of a fibrous or granular active material contained between an underlying layer and a covering layer containing fibers, permeable to the gas or liquid. The underlying later and the covering layer are held together by fibers passing through them individually or in tufts at places distributed densely over the whole surface and anchored in the underlying layer as well as the covering layer. The active material can operate by emission, sorption or catalysis. The particles can transfer, for example, fertilizers or plant protection materials to water in circulation. The active material can be an absorption or adsorption agent, for example, active carbon, vermiculite, in the form of grains or fibers, for suppressing odors, or an ion exchanger for water softening, or a catalyst for petroleum treatment, or it can emit perfumes or bactericides into the air. The element overcomes disadvantages associated with variations in permeability at different parts. The holding fibers have an open structure and the outer and inner parts are freely accessible at all places, to the medium being treated. The thickness is uniform so that the layers are parallel. The element can be cleaned or regenerated easily, for example, by washing.</p>
DE 35 45 926	July 2, 1987	<p>This reference discloses a sheet of fabric, mat, film, paper and the like, made of natural or synthetic material incorporates capsules which contain active substances and which burst open when pressed. The sheet also incorporates a separator layer which is impervious to the active substance concerned. The capsules are embedded in or form this layer and they have preset break-off points so that the active substance will come out in a particular direction.</p>

DE 36 40 374

June 1, 1988

This reference discloses inlays which are easy to fix clothing to absorb sweat in armpits, collar and crotch consist of absorbent and compliant materials, compatible with the skin (paper or fiber mat, felt, cellulose or cellulose mat). This material contains microcapsules of perfumes and inflammation inhibitors. A bilaterally adhesive tape is used to bond the inlay to the piece of clothing. The microcapsules can be so designed that their contents are released after and over several hours.

DE 43 36 255

April 27, 1995

This reference discloses a water-tight work clothing coating on a textile web, especially of cotton is claimed where the web is sanforized and a thermoplastic membrane made of a polyether-block amide, comprising straight chain rigid polyamide sections with flexible polyester sections, is bonded to the material of the web by an adhesive.

This reference discloses a sterilizable material which is resistant to boiling water consists of an absorbent layer on an elastic membrane which is not microporous but which, although impervious to water, allows water vapor to pass through, and this membrane is cover with a light fabric. The absorbent layer is preferable cotton fabric or a mixed fabric containing viscose; the membrane is preferably polyurethane cover with polyamide or polyethersulphone knitted fabric. Preferably, a cotton or cotton/polyethersulphone fabric of substance 120 - 180 g/m² is glued at points to a polyurethane membrane which is permeable to water vapor. The membrane is reinforced with 35 g/m² poluethersulphone knitted material and is produced by a transfer process; its thickness is 50 µm. The polyurethane membrane in an example was produced with "Impraperm 43174" for cover and "Impraperm 43176" (both R.T.N.) adhesive layer. The absorbent material can also be a non-woven product of adequate mechanical strength.

November 28, 1991

This reference discloses a non-woven fabric composite for hygiene articles. A composite fabric (I) is obtained from spun-bonded web or a web of stable fibers (II) and a strip of polymeric material (III) which is applied while still molten. The process is carried out under partial vacuum. Also claimed is a coating system for carrying out the process, which includes a sheet die, cooling devices, and a rotating vacuum cylinder with perforations around its perimeter. (II) is preferably a layer of unbonded, matted fiber or bonded felt, made of polyamide, polyester or preferably polypropylene with unit weight 10-60 (preferably 10-20) g/m², or of biodegradable material, preferably based on cellulose, viscose, gelatin fibers or natural polyester, for example, Biopole (RTM), poly-hydroxybutyric acid or poly-epsilon-carprolactone. (III) is ethylene homo- or copolymer, elastomeric polyamide, polyurethane or elastomeric polyether, or a biodegradable material; 3-40 (preferably 20) μm thick and is transparent, opaque, matte finished or colored, and is preferable permeable to water vapor. A layer of coupling agent (preferable EVA copolymer grafted with a small amount of adipic acid anhydride. (IV) is introduced between (II) and (III), or the molten strip of (III) is subjected to oxidative pretreatment or corona treatment before application to (II); the vacuum cylinder has internal chambers

DE 44 29 251

February 22, 1996

This reference discloses an incontinence pad, adult diaper, and the like, which has a liquid impermeable outer layer in the form of an at least two-layer laminate with a hydrophobic micro-fiber textile backing layer and at least one additional membrane layer. Membrane layers may be of polyurethane, polyester, polyamide, polypropylene, or a mixture of these materials. A membrane film may be formed on a polyether block amide base on the microfiber textile backing. The upper membrane later has a mean pore size smaller than the underlying layer preferably by an order.

JP 59-106501

June 20, 1984

This reference discloses microcapsules with a skin film which crumbles when wet liberating fragrant content to color adjacent materials, or to develop a color or cause discoloration by causing a reaction, are interposed between a water impermeable transparent or translucent membrane and a urine absorbing material of a diaper. Suitable material for the skin film of the microcapsule are: (a) materials soluble in water or becoming tearable by water, such a gelatin, gum arabic, carboxymethyl cellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, etc., (b) materials soluble in acidic or alkaline aqueous solutions or becoming tearable by such solution, such as amino resin, polyamide gelatin, sodium alginate, methyl acrylate, etc., (c) materials which become transparent or translucent by wetting by the water, such as gum arabic, starch derivatives, talc, etc., Suitable materials to be contained in the microcapsule: (d) colorants such as dyes, pigments, pH indicators, etc., (e) materials to be colored or discolored by the water such as leuco compounds of vat dyes, anhydrous CuSO₄, etc., (f) others such as perfumes, color developing materials. The microcapsules are inserted between a cover material (nylon, polyethylene, etc.) and a urine absorbing material.

PI 9204008-0

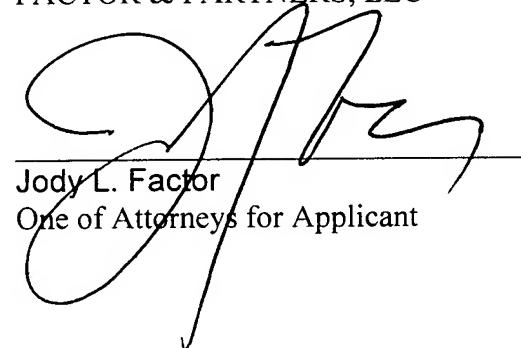
April 12, 1994

This reference discloses an improved hygienic absorbent for use in diverse sizes, for example, super medium, or mini, for use at beginning, during and end of menstrual cycle, comprises a nucleus (1) of cotton or similar material, shaped in accordance with an ordinary rectangular form. The interior part is wrapped by an impermeable film (2) extending as far as the lateral parts of the cotton layer, then wrapped completely by two other layers of permeable material (3,4) laid on top. The external layer (4) is of reduced mesh. The lower face is coated with adhesive (5) normally protected by a plastic film (6) which is easily removed in use. The upper face is delicately textured by various longitudinal grooves (9) winding practically in the form of minute channels (10) which extend along the entire surface.

Should anything further be required, a telephone call to the undersigned, at (312) 226-1818, is respectfully invited.

Respectfully submitted,

FACTOR & PARTNERS, LLC


Jody L. Factor
One of Attorneys for Applicant

Dated: May 6, 2002.

IN RE APPLICATION OF:

Tebbe, et al.

CASE:

OST-011310

SERIAL NO.:

10/048,243

FILED ON:

January 24, 2002

FOR:

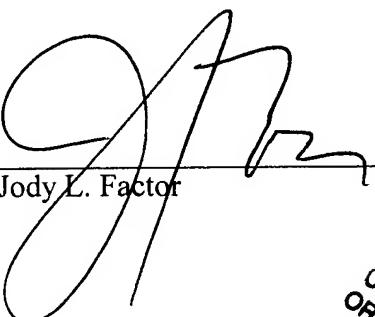
FLAT, FLEXIBLE, BONDED COMPOSITE
MATERIAL



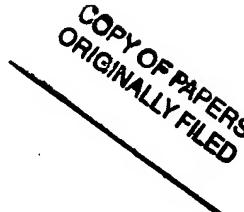
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Jody L. Factor


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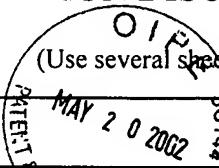
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OST-011310

SERIAL NO.

10/048,243

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE CITATION

APPLICANT
TebbeFILING DATE
January 24, 2002GROUP
1772

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

EXAMINER	DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE	NAME	CLASS	SUBCLASS	FILING
	4,424,247	1/3/1984	Erickson	428	138	11/9/1981
	5,330,817	7/19/1994	Arnott	428	82	5/15/1989
	5,879,487	6/99/1999	Ravella	156	62.8	7/17/1997

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

	DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE	COUNTRY	CLASS	SUBCLASS	TRANS- LATION YES NO
	WO 99/49825	10/7/1999	PCT			
	DE 28 55 059	7/5/1979	Germany			X
	DE 35 45 926	7/2/1987	Germany			X
	DE 36 40 374	6/4/1988	Germany			X
	DE 40 03 764	8/14/1991	Germany			X
	DE 40 16 348	11/28/1991	Germany			X
	DE 43 36 255	4/27/1995	Germany			X
	DE 44 29 251	2/22/1996	Germany			X
	JP 59-106 501	6/20/1984	Japan			X
	PI 9204008-0	4/12/1994	Brazil			X

OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.)

EXAMINER		DATE CONSIDERED	
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